

# SDG impact assessment

29 november 2022

Werkconferentie Klimaatcommitment  
DNB



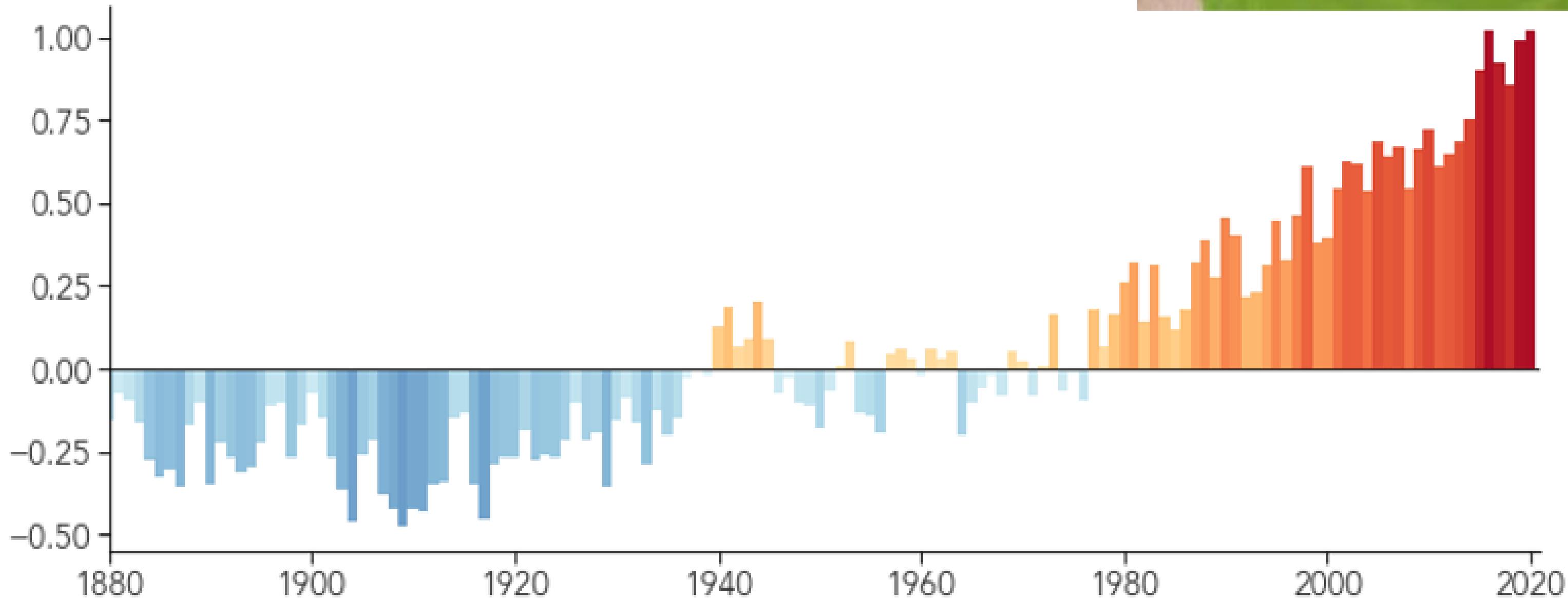
# Workshop SDG Impact Assessment

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1. Waarom impact assessment?
2. Working group producten:
  - SDG impact indicators (2018)
  - Overviews van methodologieën, data en voorbeelden per SDG (2021)
3. Evaluatie en vervolg

# Waarom meten?

**2020 in Statistical Tie for Warmest Year on Record**  
Global Temperature Anomaly ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$  compared to the 1951-1980 average)



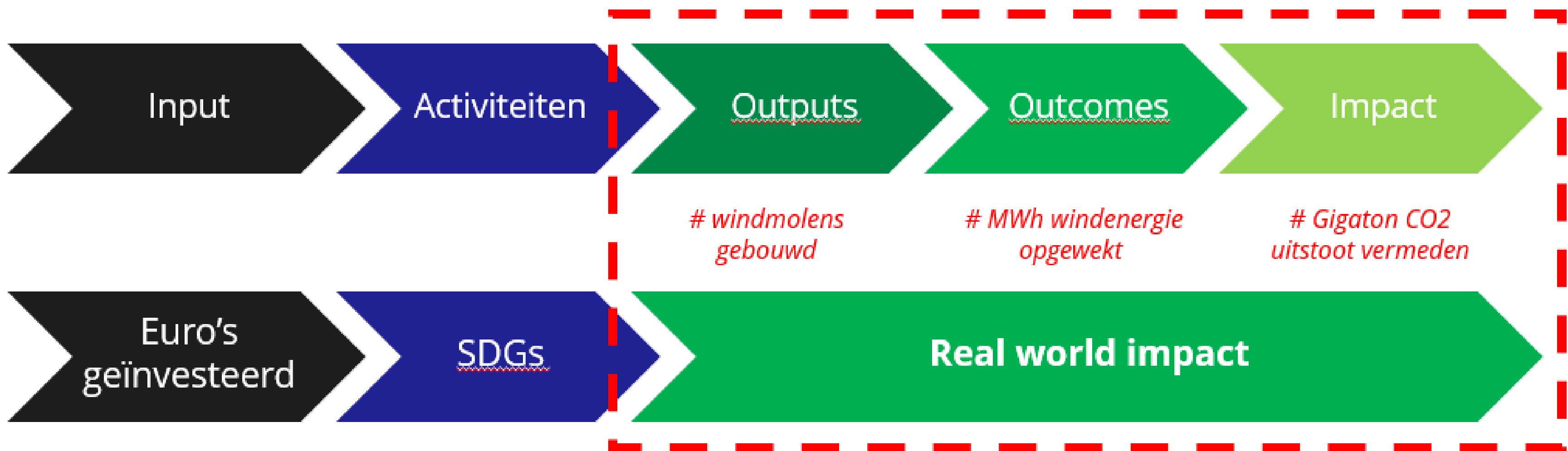
# Oorspronkelijke doelstelling

*The aim of the SDG Impact Measurement working group is to develop a methodology to measure the positive impact on the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) investors, banks, insurance companies have through their investments.*

*Such a methodology must be transparent, credible and feasible, using a limited number of positive impact indicators and metrics that allow (1) comparison and addition of impact, (2) harmonisation of requests for data distributed to companies and (3) consolidation of communications towards stakeholders.*

*The ultimate objective is to scale up sources of investment/ funding that deliver a measurable contribution to the SDGs (from millions to billions).*

# Logical model



# Indicatoren voor positieve impact (2018)

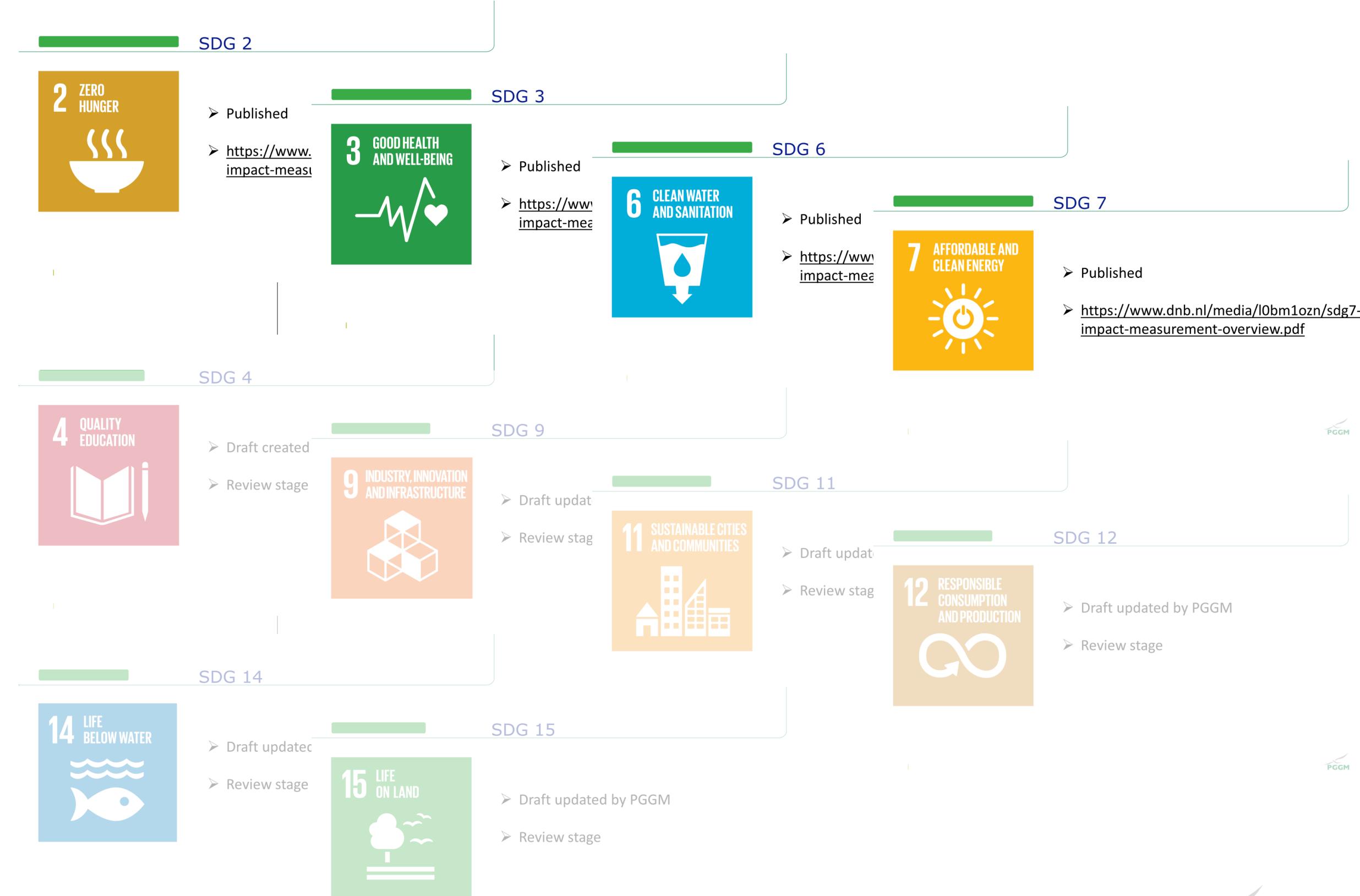


## **SDG impact indicators**

A guide for investors and companies

	Product (or service) Impact indicator (PI) or Operational Impact indicator (OI, in italics)	Breakdown to gender (G), vulnerability (V), income group (I) or location (L), according to UN ( <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ) or Working Group ( <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> )				Unit of measurement for aggregation
		G	V	I	L	
<b>1 NO POVERTY</b>	1.1 % of revenue from products serving low income groups			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		€
<b>6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</b>	1.2 Number of people provided with access to financial services, incl. microfinance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>18</sup>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	# people
<b>2 ZERO HUNGER</b>	2.1 Number of people provided with safe, nutritious and sufficient food					# people
<b>7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</b>	2.2 Ecologically sustainable agricultural production per hectare		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			tonnes
<b>12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION</b>	2.3 % avoided harvest, transport, storage losses					tonnes
<b>13 CLIMATE ACTION</b>	2.4 % products with certified improvements in nutritional value					€ (from % revenues)
<b>8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</b>	3.1 Number of people reached with improved health care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>19</sup>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		# people
<b>14 LIFE BELOW WATER</b>	3.2 Cost reduction for standard treatments and medicines					€
<b>9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</b>	<b>4 QUALITY EDUCATION</b>	4.1 Number of people receiving education services (split pre-school, primary, secondary, tertiary, vocational)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <sup>20</sup>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		# people
<b>15 LIFE ON LAND</b>	<b>5 GENDER EQUALITY</b>	4.2 % students attaining standard for education level				# people
<b>16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS</b>	4.3 Education facilities for inclusive and effective learning environments					m2
<b>11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES</b>	5.1 % women in workforce (full-time equivalent), employed at equal pay (OI)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				# people
<b>17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS</b>	<b>10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES</b>	farmers in supply chain (OI)				
	11.1 Number of people with access to safe, affordable and sustainable housing		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			# people
	11.2 Number of people with access to sustainable transport systems					# people
	11.3 Floor space of green real estate					m2

# Methodologieën, data & voorbeelden (2021)



# SDG 3 impact measurement overview



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# Evaluatie en vervolg

- De werkgroep is ingehaald door EU wet- en regelgeving m.n. CSRD en ESRS. Daardoor is het ontwikkelen van een 'eigen' standaard minder relevant geworden.
- De geproduceerde overviews zijn te divers en vluchtig om bruikbaar te zijn in de praktijk.
- In plaats van 'eigen' standaard meer nadruk op regelmatige uitwisseling van ervaring met impactmeting per SDG.
- Calibreren van impactrapportages van specifieke (voorbeeld)bedrijven naar de opkomende standaarden zoals IRIS+ en ESRS.

# Initiatieven

- SDI Asset Owner Platform
- Calibratie van top-down impact indicatoren met bottom-up impact rapportages

