Contribution ID: 626b6dbe-ff10-4f04-9ec1-3949b91e4ec4

Date: 12/03/2021 16:58:47

Targeted consultation on the establishment of a European single access point (ESAP) for financial and non-financial information publicly disclosed by companies

First action of the capital markets union action plan

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Introduction

Background of this targeted consultation

The purpose of this targeted questionnaire is to seek general and technical views on the way to establish a European single access point (ESAP) for companies' financial and sustainable investment-related information made public pursuant to EU legislation. The establishment of the ESAP is the first action in the Commission's new action plan on the capital markets union (CMU). The EU legislation in the financial services area (in relation to inter alia capital markets, credit rating, investment, lending, insurance, asset management, funds (including UCITs), sustainable finance) requires companies to disclose a wide range of documents, particulars and datasets in order to increase the transparency and reduce asymmetry of information between company insiders and external investors.

The collection and dissemination of data is however fragmented. The EU law rarely prescribes specific dissemination channels. A few datasets such as an issuer's annual financial report must be published via a register. Registers are most of the time scattered along the national and / or sectoral dimensions. At the EU level, the <u>European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA)</u> maintains a number of public registers.

Stakeholders encounter significant difficulties in accessing, comparing and using the companies' financial and sustainability-related information published pursuant to the relevant EU legislation. Based on responses received from stakeholders on previous consultation activities, it appears that:

- 1. Stakeholders find it difficult to access specific companies' information because the information itself is scattered geographically (generally by Member State), functionally and thematically. Information is also often searchable or available in local languages only, and not always freely accessible or bulk downloadable
- 2. Investors and users find publicly disclosed financial and non-financial information difficult to compare and analyse. This is mainly due to the lack of common standards for such disclosure, use of different identifiers for a

same entity, lack of interoperable formats and lack of harmonised implementation of reporting obligations at national level. The introduction of the ESEF format for financial reports by listed companies in 2021 or 2022 will to some extent remedy the situation but applies to only a small fraction of the regulated information disclosed by companies

 Stakeholders find the electronic usability of the data suboptimal. Data is hardly ever disclosed in a machine readable structured format. Notwithstanding some progress in the field of natural language processing, this undermines algorithmic processing of such data

The lack of an integrated data management at the EU level is detrimental in many ways. Firstly, it is particularly detrimental to SMEs and to companies incorporated in Member States with less-developed capital markets. These companies lack cross-border visibility and struggle to find investors, thus reducing the liquidity of their securities. Secondly, it stifles market integration and innovation in the EU (such as pan-EU added value services and Fintech), and constitutes a competitive disadvantage for the EU capital markets in terms of attractiveness, compared to capital markets in other jurisdictions, such as the US. Lastly, the lack of integrated data management and access act as an important impediment to a fully-fledged capital markets union (CMU).

An EU-wide mechanism offering easily accessible, comparable and digitally usable information such as the ESAP can remedy the situation. The EU can add value by establishing an EU platform offering an EU single access point as well as an EU harmonised approach for the IT format for companies' information published pursuant to EU law.

Context and link with other initiatives

The Commission aims to foster policies that are fit for the digital age. Industrial and commercial data are key drivers of the digital economy. In its European Data Strategy of February 2020, the Commission declared its intention to make more data available for use in the economy and society. The strategy suggests the roll out of common European data spaces in crucial sectors such as the green deal and the financial sector. The Commission is preparing a legislative proposal to establish such spaces.

The <u>High Level Forum on the Capital Markets Union (HLF)</u>, set up by the European Commission in November 2019, recommended in its final report adopted on 10 June 2020 to set up the ESAP as an EU-wide platform in order to facilitate investors' access to company data, including that of SMEs. The HLF considered that standardised data reporting standards and formats should make data more easily accessible and comparable for investors. The need to improve accessibility, comparability and usability of information is also mentioned in the <u>digital finance strategy</u> (in order to facilitate real-time digital access to all regulated financial information, the strategy suggests that by 2024, information to be publically released under EU financial services legislation should be disclosed in standardised and machine-readable formats). Similarly, the forthcoming renewed sustainable finance strategy (planned for Q1 2021) is likely to deliver similar messages as regards public data in its remit.

The development of the ESAP will seek to encompass a wide scope of public information. The scope of the information covered by the platform will focus on the needs of users, in particular investors, while also taking into account the needs of a broader range of users such as civil society in particular as regards sustainability-related disclosures. It will also examine whether and how to embed information beyond the financial services area, such as entities with no access to capital markets and SMEs in order to expand their funding opportunities.

It will entail streamlining disclosure mechanisms set-out in EU legislation. The platform should build to the greatest extent possible on existing EU and national IT infrastructure (databases, registers, in order to avoid adding to companies reporting burden). The Commission invites input from stakeholders to define the precise information coverage, governance and features of the ESAP.

The development of ESAP will build on existing EU initiatives, such as the findings of the <u>European financial transparency gateway (EFTG) pilot project</u>, and will complement existing initiatives such as the <u>business registers interconnection system (BRIS)</u>.

The Commission has recently undertaken a range of public and other consultations – <u>Capital Markets Union High Level Forum final report</u>, a new digital finance strategy for Europe/FinTech action plan, non-financial reporting by large companies, <u>fitness check on the EU framework for public reporting by companies</u>, <u>European strategy for data</u>, <u>renewed sustainable finance strategy</u> –, relevant for the development of the ESAP. The responses to these consultations indicate a strong and widespread support for an ESAP as regards public financial as well as non-financial information from both listed and non-listed companies, e.g. entities with no access to capital markets such as SMEs.

The development and deployment of the ESAP will have to take account of the many ongoing initiatives addressing supervisory or high value datasets at Commission level or in collaboration with the <u>European supervisory authorities</u>.

Targeted consultation

This targeted consultation on the ESAP initiative takes account of already undertaken consultations and aims at gathering further evidence and views on the best way to establish an ESAP, including the scope of data (and whether it could be broadened to non-mandatory information), cost-benefits, how to address SMEs, etc.

Note that you are not required to answer every questions and you may respond to only those questions that you deem the most relevant.

Please note: In order to ensure a fair and transparent consultation process only responses received through our online questionnaire will be taken into account and included in the report summarising the responses. Should you have a problem completing this questionnaire or if you require particular assistance, please contact <u>fisma-esap-project@ec.europa.eu</u>.

More information on

- this consultation
- the consultation document
- the consultation strategy
- capital markets union
- the protection of personal data regime for this consultation

About you

*	Language	of	my	contribution
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- Bulgarian
- Croatian
- Czech
- Danish
- Dutch
- English

([©] Estonian
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(Dublic authority
(Trade union
(Other
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	Matthies

*Surname			
Verstegen			
*Email (this won't be p	oublished)		
verstegen@pensioenfe	deratie.nl		
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255 character(s) maximum			
Dutch Federation of Per	nsion Funds		
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Small (10 to 49)	,		
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			Grenadines
Algeria	Ecuador	Luxembourg	Samoa
American	Egypt	Macau	San Marino
Samoa			
Andorra	El Salvador	Madagascar	São Tomé and

Príncipe

Angola	Equatorial Guinea	Malawi	Saudi Arabia
Anguilla	Eritrea	Malaysia	Senegal
Antarctica	Estonia	Maldives	Serbia
Antigua and Barbuda	Eswatini	Mali	Seychelles
Argentina	Ethiopia	Malta	Sierra Leone
Armenia	Falkland Islands	Marshall Islands	Singapore
Aruba	Faroe Islands	Martinique	Sint Maarten
Australia	Fiji	Mauritania	Slovakia
Austria	Finland	Mauritius	Slovenia
Azerbaijan	France	Mayotte	SolomonIslands
Bahamas	French Guiana	Mexico	Somalia
Bahrain	French Polynesia	Micronesia	South Africa
Bangladesh	FrenchSouthern andAntarctic Lands	Moldova	South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands
Barbados	Gabon	Monaco	South Korea
Belarus	Georgia	Mongolia	South Sudan
Belgium	Germany	Montenegro	Spain
Belize	Ghana	Montserrat	Sri Lanka
Benin	Gibraltar	Morocco	Sudan
Bermuda	Greece	Mozambique	Suriname
Bhutan	Greenland	Myanmar	Svalbard and
		/Burma	Jan Mayen
Bolivia	Grenada	Namibia	Sweden
Bonaire SaintEustatius andSaba	Guadeloupe	Nauru	Switzerland
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Guam	Nepal	Syria

BotswanaBouvet IslandBrazilBritish IndianOcean Territory	GuatemalaGuernseyGuineaGuinea-Bissau	NetherlandsNew CaledoniaNew ZealandNicaragua	TaiwanTajikistanTanzaniaThailand
British Virgin Islands	Guyana	Niger	The Gambia
Brunei	Haiti	Nigeria	Timor-Leste
Bulgaria	Heard Island and McDonald Islands	Niue	Togo
Burkina Faso	Honduras	Norfolk Island	Tokelau
Burundi	Hong Kong	NorthernMariana Islands	Tonga
Cambodia	Hungary	North Korea	Trinidad and Tobago
Cameroon	celand	North Macedonia	Tunisia
Canada	India	Norway	Turkey
Cape Verde	Indonesia	Oman	Turkmenistan
Cayman Islands	Iran	Pakistan	Turks andCaicos Islands
Central AfricanRepublic	Iraq	Palau	Tuvalu
Chad	Ireland	Palestine	Uganda
Chile	Isle of Man	Panama	Ukraine
China	Israel	Papua New Guinea	United Arab Emirates
Christmas Island	Italy	Paraguay	United Kingdom
Clipperton	Jamaica	Peru	United States
Cocos (Keeling) Islands	Japan	Philippines	United StatesMinor OutlyingIslands
Colombia	Jersey	Pitcairn Islands	Uruguay

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0	Côte d'Ivoire	Kosovo	<u></u>	Réunion	<u></u>	Venezuela
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- *Are you a financial market participant?
 - Yes
 - No
 - Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
- * In terms of information published by market participants, are you a user or a preparer?
 - User
 - Preparer
 - User and preparer
 - None of these

The Commission will publish all contributions to this public consultation. You can choose whether you would prefer to have your details published or to remain anonymous when your contribution is published. Fo r the purpose of transparency, the type of respondent (for example, 'business association, 'consumer association', 'EU citizen') country of origin, organisation name and size, and its transparency register number, are always published. Your e-mail address will never be published. Opt in to select the privacy option that best suits you. Privacy options default based on the type of respondent selected

*Contribution publication privacy settings

The Commission will publish the responses to this public consultation. You can choose whether you would like your details to be made public or to remain anonymous.

Anonymous

Only organisation details are published: The type of respondent that you responded to this consultation as, the name of the organisation on whose behalf you reply as well as its transparency number, its size, its country of origin and your contribution will be published as received. Your name will not be published. Please do not include any personal data in the contribution itself if you want to remain anonymous.

Public

Organisation details and respondent details are published: The type of respondent that you responded to this consultation as, the name of the organisation on whose behalf you reply as well as its transparency number, its size, its country of origin and your contribution will be published. Your name will also be published.

☑ I agree with the personal data protection provisions

General questions

In this first section of the consultation, the Commission seeks to get stakeholders' views on some general questions regarding the features of the European single access point (ESAP). The Commission seeks views on which information stakeholders generally search for, where they search for it, in which format(s) and the barriers stakeholders might encounter. This will also help the Commission to prioritise which aspects should be considered immediately when developing ESAP, and which could be implemented at a later stage.

Question 1. Please rate the following characteristics of ESAP based on how relevant they are according to you:

	1 (fully disagree)	2 (somewhat disagree)	3 (neutral)	4 (somewhat agree)	5 (fully agree)	Don't know - No opinion - Not applicable
The information quality (accuracy and completeness) is most important	0	0	0	0	•	0
The widest possible scope of the information is most important	0	0	•	0	0	0
The timeliness of the information is most important	0	0	0	•	0	0
The source of the information is a key element to know	0	0	©	0	•	0
The immutability of the information is a key element	0	0	0	0	•	0
ESAP should include information made public on a voluntary basis by non-listed companies of any size, including SMEs	•	0	0	•	0	•
ESAP should include information made public on a voluntary basis by financial market actors	©	0	0	0	•	•
Other aspects	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 1.1 Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers:

5000 character(s) maximum

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

The Dutch Federation of Pension Funds believes the ESAP should firstly focus on high quality and comparable non-financial data, in particular sustainability data (such as principal adverse impact indicators under the SFDR and information relating to the Taxonomy). The area of ESG data is still developing. Pension funds increasingly want to incorporate sustainability considerations in investments, but at times face data constrains in order to invest in certain ESG factors. Moreover, the recently adopted SFDR requires financial market participants to disclose sustainability-related data, while this data is not always available, or at a significant cost. The ESAP initiative could address this challenge, in combination with an ambitious review of the NFRD. Once the ESAP is up and running, it can be extended to other areas.

Furthermore it would be useful when the ESAP would be aligned with other similar international databases and repositories, like Edgar in the US. Aligning databases increases the harmonization of data and increases access to data in other jurisdictions. Potential areas of alignment could be:

- 1) definition of data fields and metrics;
- 2) data formats used; and
- 3) quality checks and assurance.

And lastly, the ESAP should benefit investors as well as investee companies (once their company information has been disclosed in the ESAP).

Question 2. Which channels do you use when searching for, retrieving or using companies' public information?

Plasca	calact	20	many	answers	20	VOL	liko
riease	Select	as	IIIaliv	allsweis	as	VUU	IIKE

- Company's website
- Data aggregation service providers
- Stock Exchanges
- ☑ Public repositories or databases (OAMs, NCAs, ESAs)
- Other

Please specify what are the other channel(s) you use when searching for, retrieving or using companies' public information:

5000 character(s) maximum

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

Some pension funds or their asset managers also use information from NGOs that is based on public information from companies.

public information is:
Immaterial
• Average
High
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Question 3.1 Please provide more information on your answer to question 3: 5000 character(s) maximum including appears and line breaks, i.e. attrictor than the MS Word characters counting method.
including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
Gathering information costs time as it often involves manual labor. Subscription costs of data providers can be high, especially when multiple data providers are used.
Question 4. In which electronic format is companies' public information provided by these channels?
Please select as many answers as you like
XBRL
▼ PDF
✓ XML
✓ HTML
CSV, TXT
✓ CSV, TXT✓ Excel
 ✓ CSV, TXT ✓ Excel Formats enabling natural language processing
✓ CSV, TXT✓ Excel
 ✓ CSV, TXT ✓ Excel Formats enabling natural language processing Other
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 ✓ CSV, TXT ✓ Excel Formats enabling natural language processing Other Don't know / no opinion / not relevant Question 5. Do you encounter barriers or difficulties when accessing the information?
 ✓ CSV, TXT ✓ Excel ☐ Formats enabling natural language processing ☐ Other ☐ Don't know / no opinion / not relevant Question 5. Do you encounter barriers or difficulties when accessing the information? ☐ Yes

information?

Yes
[◎] No
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
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Question 6.1 Please describe the barriers or difficulties you encountered when using the information:

5000 character(s) maximum

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

There are several barriers:

- · Lack of (double) materiality of data
- Lack of completeness / accuracy of data
- Lack of clarity on definitions used
- Lack of clarity on scope of the data
- A lack of comparability of data

The scope of ESAP

Question 7. Should ESAP include information from the hereunder provided list of EU legislations in the financial area?

And if so, please specify whether the ESAP should embed this information immediately (as soon as the ESAP starts) or at a later stage (phasing in).

- 1) The Transparency Directive (2004/109/EC) (e.g. annual/half yearly financial reports, acquisition or disposal of major holdings)
 - Fully disagree
 - Somewhat disagree
 - Neutral
 - Somewhat agree
 - Fully agree
 - Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Please specify whether the information should be included immediately or at a later stage:

- Immediately
- At a later stage
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to
question 7. 1):
5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
2) The Accounting Directive (2013/34/EU) (e.g. financial statements,
management report, audit report)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please specify whether the information should be included immediately or at
a later stage:
Immediately
At a later stage
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to
question 7. 2):
5000 character(s) maximum
including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where

3) The Audit Directive (2014/56/EU) and Audit Regulation (537/2014/EU) (e.g.

auditor transparency reports)

Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please specify whether the information should be included immediately or at
a later stage:
Immediately
At a later stage
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to
question 7. 3):
5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
4) TI N TI LI D II DI II (NEDD) (0044/07/TI) (
4) The Non-Financial Reporting Directive (NFRD) (2014/95/EU) (e.g. non-
financial statement)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please specify whether the information should be included immediately or at
a later stage:
a later stage: Immediately
a later stage:

Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 4):
5000 character(s) maximum
including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
5) The Prospectus Regulation (2017/1129/EU) (e.g. Prospectus, Universal Registration Document, SME Growth Markets-information)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please specify whether the information should be included immediately or at a later stage:
Immediately
At a later stage
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 5): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

6) The Shareholders Rights Directive (2007/36/EC) and (2017/828/EU) (e.g.

Remuneration Report)

Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please specify whether the information should be included immediately or at
a later stage:
Immediately
At a later stage
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 6): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
7) The Market Abuse Regulation (596/2014/EU) and Market Abuse Directive
(2014/57/EU) (e.g. inside information)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

8) The Resolution and Recovery of Credit institutions and Investment firms Directive (BRRD) (2014/59/EU) (e.g. information on the group financial
support agreement)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 8): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
9) The Covered Bonds Directive (2019/2162) (e.g. information on the cover pool)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to

5000 character(s) maximum

question 7. 9):

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word cha	racters counting method.
10) The Capital Requirements Directive (C	PD) (2012/26/EU) and Canital
Requirements Regulation (CRR) (575/2013/EU	•
stress test results)) (e.g. prademaa miermaaen,
Fully disagree	
Somewhat disagree	
Neutral	
Somewhat agree	
Fully agree	
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Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 11):

	character(s) maximum ing spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
12)	The Central Securities Depositories Regulation (909/2014/EU) (e.g.
-	rnance arrangements)
	Fully disagree
0	Somewhat disagree
•	Neutral
_	Somewhat agree
_	Fully agree
0	Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
ques	opriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to stion 7. 12): character(s) maximum ing spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
base	The Key Information Documents for Packaged Retail and Insurance- d Investment Products (PRIIPs) Regulation (1286/2014/EU) (e.g. key mation document)
(i)	Fully disagree
0	Somewhat disagree
•	Neutral
0	Somewhat agree
0	Fully agree
	Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to
question 7. 13):
5000 character(s) maximum
including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
14) The Regulation on European Long-term Investment Funds (ELTIF) (2015)
/760/EU) (e.g. fund-related information)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
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appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 14): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
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appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 14): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method. 15) The European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EMIR) (648/2012/EU) (e.g. prices and fees of services provided, risk management model)
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 14): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method. 15) The European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EMIR) (648/2012/EU) (e.g. prices and fees of services provided, risk management model) Fully disagree
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 14): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method. 15) The European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EMIR) (648/2012/EU) (e.g. prices and fees of services provided, risk management model) Fully disagree Somewhat disagree
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 14): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method. 15) The European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EMIR) (648/2012/EU) (e.g. prices and fees of services provided, risk management model) Fully disagree Somewhat disagree Neutral
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 14): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method. 15) The European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EMIR) (648/2012/EU) (e.g. prices and fees of services provided, risk management model) Fully disagree Somewhat disagree
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 14): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method. 15) The European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EMIR) (648/2012/EU) (e.g. prices and fees of services provided, risk management model) Fully disagree Somewhat disagree Neutral

Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to
question 7. 15):
5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
16) The Financial Conglomerates Directive (FICOD) (2011/89/EU) (e.g.
corporate structure of the conglomerate)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 16): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
17) The Directive of Prudential Supervision of Investment Firms (IFD) (2019)
17) The Directive of Prudential Supervision of Investment Firms (IFD) (2019 /2034/EU) and the Regulation of Prudential Requirements of Investment Firms
17) The Directive of Prudential Supervision of Investment Firms (IFD) (2019 /2034/EU) and the Regulation of Prudential Requirements of Investment Firms (IFR) (2019/2033/EU) (e.g. aggregated information on high-earners,
/2034/EU) and the Regulation of Prudential Requirements of Investment Firms
/2034/EU) and the Regulation of Prudential Requirements of Investment Firms (IFR) (2019/2033/EU) (e.g. aggregated information on high-earners,
/2034/EU) and the Regulation of Prudential Requirements of Investment Firms (IFR) (2019/2033/EU) (e.g. aggregated information on high-earners, remuneration arrangements)
/2034/EU) and the Regulation of Prudential Requirements of Investment Firms (IFR) (2019/2033/EU) (e.g. aggregated information on high-earners, remuneration arrangements) Fully disagree

Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 17): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
18) The Directive on the Activities and Supervision of Institutions for Occupational Retirement Provision (IORP) (2016/2341/EU) (e.g. remuneration policy)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 18): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
19) The Pan-European Personal Pension Products Regulation (PEPP) (2019 /1238/EU) (e.g. key information document) Fully disagree Somewhat disagree

Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 19): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
20) The Regulation on Wholesale Energy Market Integrity and Transparency (REMIT) (1348/2014/EU) (e.g. inside information) Fully disagree Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 20): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
21) The Securities Financing Transactions Regulation (SFTR) (2015/2365/EU (e.g. aggregate positions) © Fully disagree
any andagree

Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 21): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks is a strictor than the MS Word observators counting method.
including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
22) The Solvency II Directive (2009/138/EC) (e.g. solvency and financial condition report)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 22): 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
23) The Short Selling Regulation (236/2012/EU) (e.g. net short position) Fully disagree

Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
·
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to
question 7. 23):
5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
24) The Take-Over Bid Directive (2004/25/EC) (e.g. Information in the
management report on companies' capital and shareholders, voting rights,
governance)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please specify whether the information should be included immediately or at
a later stage:
Immediately
At a later stage
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where
appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

•						nents (MIFII ts (MIFIR) (•	•
g. volume	and pri	ce of	certain tra	nsactions)				
Fully	disagree	Э						
_	ewhat di	sagree)					
Neut								
	ewhat aç	gree						
Fully	agree							
Don'	t know /	no opii	nion / not r	elevant				
question 5000 charac including spa	eter(s) maxir		i.e. stricter tha	n the MS Word o	characters	counting method	d.	
/EU) (e.g. Fully Som Neut Som Fully	fund-rel disagree ewhat dis ral ewhat ag agree	ated in e sagree gree	nformatio	n)	Capital	Funds (Eu\	VECA) (345/2013
Please e	xplain	your	position	providing	your	arguments	s, and	where

Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 26):

5000 character(s) maximum

includi	ng spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
27) T	he Regulation on European social entrepreneurship funds (EuSEF) (346
/2013	B/EU) (e.g. fund-related information)
	Fully disagree
	Somewhat disagree
•	Neutral
0	Somewhat agree
_	Fully agree
	Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
	•
Pleas	se explain your position providing your arguments, and where
appr	opriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to
ques	tion 7. 27):
	character(s) maximum
includi	ng spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
00\ T	
	he Regulation on Money Market Funds (2017/1131/EU) (e.g. prospectus)
	Fully disagree
	Somewhat disagree
•	Neutral
0	Somewhat agree
0	Fully agree
0	Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 28)

5000 character(s) maximum

includi	g spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
29) T	ne Directive on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative
-	sions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable ities (UCITS) (2009/65/EC) (e.g. key investor information)
	Fully disagree
	Somewhat disagree
_	Neutral
	Somewhat agree
	Fully agree
	Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
	e explain your position providing your arguments, and where
approques	e explain your position providing your arguments, and where priate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to ion 7. 29) Sharacter(s) maximum g spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
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approques 5000 includi 30) T /EU)	priate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to ion 7. 29) tharacter(s) maximum g spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method. The Directive on Alternative Investment Fund Managers (AIFM) (2011/61 e.g. investment strategy and objectives of the fund) Fully disagree Somewhat disagree Neutral Somewhat agree

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at
9

Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where

Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosure and The
Taxonomy Regulation (2020/852/EU) (e.g. sustainability risks integration
policies)
Fully disagree
Somewhat disagree
Neutral
Somewhat agree
Fully agree
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please specify whether the information should be included immediately or at
a later stage:
Immediately
At a later stage
Don't know / no opinion / not relevant
Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 32) 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
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appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 32) 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method. 33) The EU Emissions Trading System (EU ETS) Fully disagree
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Please specify whether the information should be included immediately or at a later stage:

- Immediately
- At a later stage
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and data to support your answers to question 7. 33)

34) Other

- Yes
- No

The usability and accessibility

Investors and users find publicly disclosed financial and sustainability-related information difficult to compare and analyse. This is mainly due to the lack of structured data, of common frameworks and/or interoperable formats for such disclosures, the use of different identifiers for the same entity and the lack of harmonised implementation of reporting obligations at national level. This section of the questionnaire seeks stakeholders' views on format(s) in which the information in ESAP should be made available, in order to make it more usable digitally, and how stakeholders would prefer to have access to and retrieve this information from ESAP.

Question 8. In order to improve the digital use and searchability of the information, for which of the hereunder information would you support the use of structured data formats, such as ESEF (XHTML and iXBRL), XML, etc., allowing for machine readability?

Please select as many answers as you like

- Listed companies' half yearly financial reports
- Financial statements
- Management report
- Payments to governments
- Audit report
- 1

- Total number of voting rights and capital
- Acquisition or disposal of issuer's own shares
- Home Member State
- Acquisition or disposal of major holdings
- Inside information
- Prospectuses
- Net short position details
- Fund-related information
- Key Information Document
- Public disclosure resulting from prudential requirements
- Remuneration policies
- Corporate structure of the conglomerate
- Governance arrangements
- Covered bonds related information
- Solvency and financial condition report
- Sustainability related information
- Other

Question 9. Which of the following machine-readable formats would you find suitable?

	1 (not at all suitable)	(rather not suitable)	3 (neutral)	4 (somewhat suitable)	5 (highly suitable)	Don't know - No opinion - Not applicable
ESEF (XHTML files + inline XBRL tagging requirements)	0	0	0	0	•	0
XML files	0	0	0	0	•	0
CSV files	0	0	0	0	•	0
Excel	0	0	0	0	•	0
Formats enabling natural language processing	0	0	•	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 9.1 Please explain your position providing your arguments, and where appropriate, concrete examples and evidence to support your answers:

5000 character(s) maximum

including spaces and lin	e breaks, i.e. stricter	than the MS Word	characters counting	method.
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ha FCFF farmat is	not widely known on	ana aaaat manaaara	ar panaion funda vat	
ne eser ionnalis	not widely known an	long asset managers	or pension funds yet.	

Question 10. How should the information be accessible in ESAP?

Please select as many answers as you like

- ☑ Through Application Programming Interfaces (APIs)
- Bulk download
- Web portals
- Other
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Question 11. To what extent should the language barrier be tackled?

For the following features of the ESAP (web portal, metadata, taxonomy/labels, and content/data), which of the following language arrangements would you favour?

a) Portals / search tools:

- on a language that is customary in the sphere of international finance
- in multiple or all EU languages
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

b) Metadata (where variable text):

- in original language
- in a language that is customary in the sphere of international finance
- in multiple or all EU languages
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

c) Taxonomy / labels (if any):

- in original language
- in a language that is customary in the sphere of international finance
- in multiple or all EU languages

 d) Content / data: in original language in a language that is customary in the sphere of international finance in multiple or all EU languages Don't know / no opinion / not relevant Infrastructure and data governance (collection of data +
validation of data)
The Commission seeks stakeholders' views on the preferred technical solution(s) to establish the architecture of ESAP, and how to ensure the quality and integrity of the information within ESAP. A body in charge of ESAP, which should be non-for-profit, would be responsible for coordinating IT systems, maintenance and budgetary aspects.
Question 12. Should specific categories of stakeholders be involved in the
governance of ESAP?
Please select as many answers as you like
EU authority (ESMA, European Commission etc.) or a consortium of EU authorities?
National competent authorities
Investors
Reporting companies
Other
Please specify which EU authority should be involved in the governance of ESAP: 5000 character(s) maximum including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
Please specify which national competent authorities should be involved in the governance of ESAP:
5000 character(s) maximum

Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

inc	cluding spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
Ple	ease specify what other category(ies) of stakeholders should be involved in
the	e governance of ESAP:
5	000 character(s) maximum
inc	cluding spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.
	NGOs with specific knowledge relating to certain sustainability topics.
	Data aggregators to combine datasets for data processing, such as SASB, IASB, GRI. Given the scope of
	the ESAP, and the comparability and ability to aggregate with other data vendors to combine European
	information with non-European information in a justified way on a portfolio level. Data vendors/aggregators

Question 13. Considering the point in time at which a company makes public some information that is legally required, what would be the ideal timing for

could be involved as well as they could play an advisory role, for example on setting quality standards.

the information to be available on the ESAP?

5000 character(s) maximum

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

It should be the responsibility of the company to first share the information on the ESAP prior or simultaneously with making the information public via other channels. Companies should obtain a confirmation via the ESAP that the information is uploaded successfully.

At the same time; company information is uploaded but only visible to the public after release of the report (annual report, quarterly report etc.).

Question 14. Should the integrity of the information and the credibility of the source of data used be ensured, when it is made accessible in ESAP?

- By electronic seals or electronic signature embedded at data emitter level
- By the ESAP platform
- By other means / trust services
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Question 15. Should the information in ESAP be subject to quality checks?

Yes

- No
 Other
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Question 16. Should a quality check be needed, what would need to be checked?

Please select as many answers as you like

- Compliance with IT formats
- Certain key tests (matching figures, units, ...)
- Use of a correct taxonomy
- Completeness
- Availability of metadata
- Other
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Please explain what you mean by 'other' in your answer to question 16:

5000 character(s) maximum

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

Quality checks should be performed ex post to improve the quality and comparability of the data.

Assessment of data can for example lead to developing guidelines with the purpose to harmonize the quality of the data.

Basic data quality/sanity checks should be performed at the moment of data upload (matching figures, units, completeness). There should be clear guidelines on expected formats, quality, etc. and a detailed data dictionary/glossary available to submitting companies and investors.

Assessment of data can for example lead to developing guidelines with the purpose to harmonize the quality of data. Automated checks on completeness are desirable when uploading the data.

Targeted questions regarding entities with no access to capital markets (non-listed entities), including SMEs

The lack of an integrated data management at the EU level is detrimental to entities with no access to capital markets notably to SMEs that struggle to find investors beyond national borders. Companies of all sizes – and in particular SMEs – need solid market-based funding sources. This was already the case before COVID-19, but will be even more important for the recovery if bank lending might not be sufficient. Therefore, this section of the consultation sets out questions on how ESAP specifically can help ensure that SMEs receive the funding they need.

SMEs, often do not have the technical expertise nor resources necessary to prepare reports in accordance with state-of-the-art, sophisticated standards. At the same time, many SMEs are under increasing pressure to provide financial information as well as certain sustainability related information in order to access market-based funding and for their

usual conduct of business. In this respect, entities which cannot provide this information may experience a negative impact on their commercial and/or investment opportunities.

Question 17. Should it be possible for companies other than those with securities listed on EU regulated markets to disclose information on ESAP on a voluntary basis?

- Yes
- O No
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Question 17.1 If you replied yes to question 17, please specifiy which type of entities should be allowed to disclose data on a voluntary basis in the ESAP:

Please select as many answers as you like

- Companies with securities listed on a SME growth-market
- Companies with securities listed on other non-regulated markets
- Pre-IPO companies not yet listed on an exchange
- Any unlisted companies
- Other entities

Question 18. What type of information should be disclosed on a voluntary basis in the ESAP?

Please select as many answers as you like

- A set of predefined key financial information, allowing to compare data
- Any financial information that the issuer would be willing to render public via ESAP
- A set of predefined key sustainable related information, allowing to compare the data
- Any sustainability related information that the issuer would be willing to render public via ESAP
- Other

Question 19. As regards frequency of the submission of the voluntary information to ESAP, when should it occur?

- Following predefined periodic submission dates
- On an ongoing basis as soon as available
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Question 2	20. In which	language	should	entities	with n	no access	to	capital
markets be	able to enco	de the vol	untary i	nformatio	on?			

- National language
- A language that is customary in the sphere of international finance
- Any language
- Other

Question 21. Should filings done on a voluntary basis by SMEs and non-listed companies follow all the rules of the ESAP as regards for instance identification, data structuring and formats, quality checks, etc.?

- Yes
- O No
- Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Please explain your answer to question 21:

5000 character(s) maximum

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

To ensure comparability the same standard should apply both listed and non-listed companies.

Costs and benefits

The Commission anticipates that ESAP will lead to multiple benefits. It can, however, also, imply additional costs for

- i. preparers, in terms of compliance requirements on machine-readability, standards, as well as training of staff, etc.
- ii. users, in terms of search, collection and processing of the information they need
- iii. the development of the ESAP architecture. In some areas ESAP should also lead to cost savings, notably related to fil

Question 22. Do you expect that costs of introducing ESAP be proportionate to its overall benefits?

- Not at all
- To some extent
- To a reasonable extent

0

To a very great extent

Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Question 23. As a user, can you give an estimation of your yearly cost for retrieving and using companies' public information?

5000 character(s) maximum

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

It is difficult to estimate an average cost for pension funds, as these consist of work and costs for data sources. Often these costs are carried by asset managers who pass on the costs to the pension funds as part of the mandates they agree.

It can be said that costs relating to the use of sustainability have a strong 'fixed costs character', for example the fact that the costs of data is unrelated (or only related to a small degree) to the size of the buyer. This means that the costs of ESG-data and SFDR reporting weighs much stronger on smaller pension funds.

Question 24. As a user, how large share of these costs do you expect to save through the use of ESAP?

\bigcirc	1	\cap	%	
	- 1	U	17/c	١

[©] 20%

[©] 30%

40%

More than 50%

Other

Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Please specify what other proportion of share of these costs you expect to save through the use of ESAP:

5000 character(s) maximum

including spaces and line breaks, i.e. stricter than the MS Word characters counting method.

It depends on the scope of the data in scope of the ESAP. As we aim to start small, we expect the cost saving to increase when the scope of the data will be extended. We expect significant benefits when all data that financial market participants subject to the SFDR have to obtain (related to the SFDR indicators) is in scope. This would reduce the dependency on ESG data providers and reduce data costs.

Question 25. Should the user have access for free to all data in the ESAP (based e.g. on an open data policy approach)?

Yes

Ν	lo

Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Question 26. Assuming that development and maintenance costs will arise, how do you think the ESAP should be funded?

Please select as many answers as you like

By EU funds

By national funds

By users (i.e. usage fees)

By preparers (i.e. uploading fee)

Other

Question 27. What would be the main benefits for entities with no access to capital markets to disclose this information publicly in ESAP?

Please select as many answers as you like

Get more visibility and attract a broader range of investors

☑ Get more transparency on ESG data (easily retrievable)

Other

Don't know / no opinion / not relevant

Additional information

Should you wish to provide additional information (e.g. a position paper, report) or raise specific points not covered by the questionnaire, you can upload your additional document(s) below. Please make sure you do not include any personal data in the file you upload if you want to remain anonymous.

The maximum file size is 1 MB.

You can upload several files.

Only files of the type pdf,txt,doc,docx,odt,rtf are allowed

Useful links

More on this consultation (https://ec.europa.eu/info/publications/finance-consultations-2021-european-single-access-point_en)

Consultation document (https://ec.europa.eu/info/files/2021-european-single-access-point-consultation-document_en)

Consultation strategy (https://ec.europa.eu/info/files/2021-european-single-access-point-consultation-strategy_en

More on capital markets union (https://ec.europa.eu/info/business-economy-euro/growth-and-investment/capital-markets-union_en)

Specific privacy statement (https://ec.europa.eu/info/files/2021-european-single-access-point-specific-privacy-statement_en)

More on the Transparency register (http://ec.europa.eu/transparencyregister/public/homePage.do?locale=en)

Contact

fisma-esap-project@ec.europa.eu